

University of Rajasthan Jaipur

SYLLABUS

B.Sc. PART-I

Examination-2022

Paj Taw (Acceptance) University of Rajasthan JAIPUR

Scheme of Examination

B.Sc. (Pass Course) Part-I

The number of paper and the maximum marks for each paper together with the minimum marks required for a pass are shown in the scheme of examination against each subject separately. It will be necessary for a candidate to pass in the theory part as well as the practical part of a subject/paper. Wherever prescribed separately. Classification of successful candidates shall be as follows:

First Division 60% of the aggregate marks prescribed at (a) Part first Second Division 48% Examination excluding those obtained in the compulsory subject (b) Part Second Examination (c) Part Third Examination taken together.

All the rest will be declared to have passed the Examination. If they obtain a minimum pass marks in each subject viz 36% No division shall be awarded at the Part First and Part Second Examinations:

fj 1/20

	CONTENTS	
SCHE	ME OF EXAMINATION & DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS SYLLAI	BUS:
Comp	ulsory Subject (Four):	PAGE NO.
1.	सामान्य हिन्दी (General Hindi)	4.5
2.	General English (Essential Language Skills)	6.7
3.	Environmental Studies	8-11
4.	Elementary Computer Application	12-13
5.	Elementary Hindi (In Lieu of Gen. Hindi for non-Hindi speaking students only)	14
	Optional Subjects :-	
1.	Physics	15 - 21
2.	Chemistry	22-26
3.	Zoology	27-32
4.	Botany	33 - 40
5.	Geology	41-44
6.	Mathematics	45-48
7.	Economics	49-50
8.	Geography	51-54
9.	Statistics .	55 - 58
10.	Applied Statistics	59-60
11.	Psychology	61.64
12.	Electronics	65-70
Additi	onal Optional Subjects :	
1.	Textile Craft	71-72
2.	Garment Production and Export Management	73-76
3.	Geology and Mining	77-78
4.	Environmental Science	79-82
Vocati	onal Subjects:	
1.	Biotechnology	83-87
2.	Industrial Microbiology	88-95
3.	Computer Applications	96-98

Py (Ja)

बी.ए. प्रथम वर्ष — (कला, विज्ञान एवं वाणिज्य संकाय) बी.ए. / बी.एस.सी. / बी.कॉम. /

सामान्य हिन्दी 3 Hzs dyrabon

增加 100

न्यूनतम उत्तीर्णांक 36

नोट : 36 से कम अंक लाने पर छात्रों को उत्तीर्ण नहीं किया जायेगा। इस प्रश्न-पत्र में प्राप्त अंकों को श्रेणी निर्धारण हेतु नहीं जोड़ा जायेगा। अंक विभाजन — प्रश्न पत्र में दो भाग होंगे — 1. साहित्य खण्ड एवं 2. व्याकरण खण्ड। साहित्य खण्ड में दो भाग होंगे — गद्य भाग एक्षं पद्य भाग। प्रत्येक खण्ड के लिए 50 अंक निर्धारित है।

50 अंक

क	दो व्याख्या पद्य से (प्रश्वेक में विकल्प देना है)
ख	दो व्याख्या गद्य से (प्रत्येक में विकल्प देना है)
भ	आलोचनात्मक प्रश्न पध्य से (विकल्प देना है)
घ	आलोचनात्मक प्रश्न गधु से (विकल्प देना है)

साहित्य खण्ड - 'क' :- गद्य-पद्य की निर्धारित रचनाएँ गद्य माग -

1.	कहानी		प्रेमचन्द – बडे भाई साहब
			विजयदान देथा – सिकंदर और कौंआ
2.	संस्मरण	-	कन्हेंयालाल मिश्र 'प्रमाकर' - बयालिस के ज्वार की उन लहरों में
3.	रेखाचित्र	*****	रामवृक्ष बेनीपुरी– रजिया
4.	विज्ञान		गुणाकर मुले – शनि सबसे सुन्दर ग्रह
5.	निबंध	****	अगरचन्द नाहटा – राजस्थान की सांस्कृतिक धरोहर
	व्यंग्य	_	शरद जोशी – जीप पर सवार इल्लियाँ
7.	पर्यावरण		अनुपम मिश्र – आज भी खरे हैं तालाब

पद्य भाग :- (कबीर ग्रंथावली से सं. - श्यामसुंदर दास)

ाध माग :- (कबार ग्रंथावला स स श्यामसुदर दास)						
1.	कबीर		साखी सं. – गुरूदेव को अंग – 7,12,2630			
			सुमरन को अंग — 10,17,24,26			
			विरह को अंग — 2,6,10,18			
2.	सूरदास सूरसागर सार	_	सं. डॉ. धीरेन्द्र वर्मा			
		-	विनय भक्ति पद सं. – 21,33			
			गोकुल लीला पद सं – 55,58			
			वृंदावन लीला पद सं 10,28			
		-	उद्धव संदेश पद सं 77,79			
3.	तुलसीदास	_	विनय पत्रिका, गीताप्रेस, गोरखपुर पद स. – 87.88.90.156.158			
4.	मीरां		पदावली सं. – नरोत्तम स्वामी पद सं. – 1,3,4,5,10			
5.	रहीम	_	रहीम ग्रंथावली संपादक विद्यानिवास मिश्र, गोविन्द रजनीश			
	(दस दोहे)		(दोहावली) 186,191,211,212,214,218,219,220,223,224			
6.	मैथिलीशरण गुप्त		मनुष्यता, हम राज्य लिए मरते हैं (गीत-साकेत के नवम सर्ग से).			
	सुमित्रानंदन पतः	_	नौका विहार			
	सूर्यकान्त त्रिपाठी निराला	_	वह तोड़ती पत्थर			
9,	सच्चिदानंद हीरानंद वात्स्यायन	'अज्ञेय'	- हिरोशिमा			
	रामधारी सिंह दिनकर:		वह ताड़ता पत्थर - हिरोशिमा धगा, सगर शेव है			

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खण्ड – 'ख'

व्याकरण/व्यावहारिक हिन्दी खण्ड

५० अंक

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e in partie	निबन्ध लेखन	∼	शब्द सीमा ३०० शब्द	8	अंक
2.	कार्यालयी लेख	~	शासकीय – अर्द्धशासकीय पत्र, कार्यालय ज्ञापन, विज्ञ	प्ति	एवं
			कार्यालय आदेश, अधिसूचना, पृष्ठांकन 4 x 2 =	8	अंक
3.	संक्षेपण	~		4	अंक
4.	पल्लवन	~		5	अंक
5.	शब्द निर्माण प्रविधि	∼	उपसर्ग, प्रत्यय, संघि, समास	5	अंक
	शब्द शुद्धि एवं वाक्य	शुद्धि		5	अंक
	मुहावरे एवं लोकोक्ति			5	अंक
8.	पारिमाषिक शब्दावली		. The standard of the standard	5	अंक
9.	शब्द के प्रकार	~	संज्ञा, सर्वनाम, विशेषण, क्रिया एवं क्रिया विशेषण	5	अंक
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2. GENERAL ENGLISH

B.Sc. Part-I

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Minimum Pass Marks: 36

The syllabus aims at achieving the following objectives:

- 1. Introducing students to phonetics and enabling them to consult dictionaries for correct pronunciation (sounds and word stress)
- 2. Reinforcing selected components of grammar and usage
- 3. Strengthening comprehension of poetry, prose and short-stories
- 4. Strengthening compositional skills in English for paragraph writing. CVs and job applications.

The Pattern of the Question Paper will be as follows:

Unit A: Phonetics and Translat	(20 marks)		
(10 periods)			
I Phonetic Symbols and Tr	anscription of Words	(05)	
III Translation of 5 Simple	sentences from Hindi to English	(05)	
	from English to Hindi	(05)	
IV Translation of 05 Word	ls from Hindi to English	$(2^{1/2})$	
	from English to Hindi	(21/2)	
Unit B: Grammar and Usage (10 periods)		(25 marks)	
I Elements of a Sentence		(05)	
II Transformation of Sentences		(05)	
a. Direct and Indirectb. Active and Passive			
II Modals		(05)	
III Tense		(05)	
IV Punctuation of a Short Pass	age with 10 Punctuation Marks	(05)	
(As discussed in Quirk an	d Greenbaum)		

Unit C: Comprehension

(25 marks)

Following Essays and Stories in *Essential Language Skills* revised edition compiled by Macmillan for University of Rajasthan General English B. A. /B. Com./B. Sc.

Candidates will be required to answer 5 questions out of ten questions from the prescribed texts. Each question will be of two (2) marks. (10)

Sujata Bhastt

Voice of the Unwanted Girl

Ruskin Bond

Night Train for Deoli

M.K. Gandhi

The Birth of Khadi

J.L. Nehru

A Tryst with Destiny

and Report

A.P.J. Abdul Kalam

Vision for 2020

The candidates will be required to answer 5 questions from an unseen passage.

(10)

4.2

One vocabulary question of 10 words from the given passage.

(5)

Unit D: Compositional Skills

(30

marks)

(15 periods)

I Letters-Formal and Informal

(10)

II CV's Resume and Job Applications

(10)

III Paragraph Writing

(10)

Recommended Reading:

Sasikumar, V., Dutta and Rajeevan, A Course in Listening and Speaking-I Foundation Books. 2005.

Sawhney, Panja and Verma eds. English At the Workplace, Macmillan 2003.

Singh, R.P. Professional Communication. OUP. 2004

Judith Leigh. CVs and Job Applications. OUP. 2004

Arthur Waldhorn and Arthur Zeiger, English Made Simple. Upa and Co.

Gunashekar ed. A Foundation English Course for Undergraduates. Book I, CIEFL, Hyderabad.

Quirk and Greenbaum: A University Grammar of English Longman, 1973

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. 3. COMPULSORY PAPER OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

B.Sc. Part-I

Scheme of examination

Time
3 hrs

Min Marks 36

Max. Marks

This paper will contain 100 multiple choice questions. Each question will carry 1 mark. Students should be encouraged to visit places of Environmental Importance including Natural and Manmade Habitat

Note:

- 1. The marks secured in this paper shall not be counted in awarding the division to a candidate.
- 2. The candidates will have to clear this compulsory paper in three chances.
- 3. Non-appearing or absence in the examination of compulsory paper will be counted as a chance.

Unit.1: The Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies

Definition, scope and importance- Relationship between Environmental Studies and other branches of science and social sciences.

Need for Environmental awareness, Environmental education in present day context.

Unit.2: Natural Resources and Challenges

- a. Natural resources and associated problems, Classification of resources: renewable resources, non renewable resources, classes of earth resources, resources regions: Definition and criteria, resource conservation.
- b. Forest resources: Use and over- exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forest and tribal people.
- c. Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and groundwater, floods, drought conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems.
- d. Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.
- e. Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticides problems, water logging, salinity, case studies.
- f. Energy resources: Growing energy need, renewable and nonrenewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Case studies.
- g. Land resources: Land as a resource, Land degradation man induced Landslides, soil erosion and desertification.
 - Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources.

• Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

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Unit 3: Ecosystems, Concepts, Structure, Functions and Types

• Concept of an ecosystem

y

- Structure and function of an ecosystem
- Producers, consumers and decomposers
- Energy flow in the ecosystem
- Ecological succession
- Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids
- Introduction, types characteristics features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:
- a. Forest ecosystem, Tropical Temperate and Alpine Ecosystem
- b. Grassland ecosystem and Their Types
- c. Desert ecosystem with emphasis on Thar Desert
- d. Aquatic ecosystems(ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) and Wet Lands

Unit 4: Biodiversity and its conservation

- Introduction Definition, genetic, species and ecosystem diversity
- Biogeographically classification of India
- Value of biodiversity :consumptive use, productive use, social ethical., aesthetic and option values
- Biodiversity at global, National and local level
- India as a mega-diversity nation
- Hot-sport of biodiversity
- Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts
- Endangered, Threatened and endemic species of India
- Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity
- Red Data Book

Unit 5: Environmental Pollution and Control Measures

Definition

- Causes, effects and control measures of:
- a) Air Pollution
- b) Water Pollution
- c) Soil Pollution
- d) Marine Pollution
- e) Noise Pollution
- f) Thermal Pollution
- g) Nuclear Hazards
- Solid waste management" Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes
- Role of an individual in prevention of pollution

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University of Rajasthan
Jaipur

• Pollution case studies

- 37

• Disaster management: floods earthquake, cyclone and landslides

Unit 6: Social issues, Environment, Laws and Sustainability

- From Unsustainable to Sustainable development
- Urban problems related to energy
- Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management
- Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies
- Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solution.
- Climate change, global warming, acid rain ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case studies
- Wasteland reclamation.
- Consumerism and waste product.
- Environmental Protection Act.
- Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution)Act
- Wild life protection Act
- Forest Conservation Act
- Biological Diversity Act
- Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation
- Public Awareness.

Unit 7: Human Population and the Environment

- Population growth, variation among nations
- Population explosion-Family Welfare Programme
- Environment and Human health
- Human Rights
- Value Education
- HIV/AIDS
- Women and Child Welfare
- Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health
- Case Studies

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Suggested Readings:-

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- 1. Diwan A.P. and Arora D.K.1995. Human Ecology Anmol Publication Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi.
- 2. Dubey, R.M.1992. Human Ecology and Environmental Education, Chaugh Publications, Allahabad.
- 3. Goudie, Andrew. The Human Impact.
- 4. Husain Maxia.1994 Human Geography, Rawat Publication, Jaipur.
- 5. Johnston, R.J.Ed.1986 Dictionary of Human geography, National Publication, New Delhi.
- 6. Malik,S.L.and Bhattacharya D.K.1986. Aspects of Human Ecology,Northern Book Center.New Delhi.
- 7. Mishra, R.P and Bhooshan, B.S. 1979. Human Settlements in Asia. Public, Polices and programmes Haritage publisher, New Delhi.
- 8. Nathawat, G.S.1985. Human Ecology, An Indian perspective, Indian Human Ecology Council, Jaipur.
- 9. Russel, Bartrand, 1976.Impact of Science of society Unwin, Publisher, Indian. (paper back).
- 10. Sinha Rajiv, 1996.Gloobal Biodiversity Ina., Shri publication, Jaipur.
- 11. Sinha Rajiv K., 1994. Development without Desertrction 14.Environmentalist, Jaipur. Sinha Rajiv K., 1996. Environmental Crises and Human at Risk, In A Shri Publication, Jaipur.
- 12. Smith, Dlanne, 1984. Urban Ecology, George Allen, London.
- 13. Swarnkar, R.C.1985.Indian Tribes.Printwell publisher, Jaipur.
- 14. Tivy,Joy and O'Hugegreg,1985.Human Impact on the Ecosystem Edinburgh George Allen Boyd.
- 16. United Nations Development Report, 1996. Human Development Report, 1996. Oxford University Press, Delhi.
- 17. Vannathony & Rogers Paul, 1974. Human Ecology and World Development,Flehum Press,New York.

4. Elementary Computer Applications

Maximum Marks- 100 (Main University Examinations)

Theory: Max. Marks -60 Practical: Max. Marks - 40

Each Candidate has to pass in Theory and Practical Examinations separately.

Question paper for Elementary Computer Applications, (Compulsory paper-common for B.A. / B.Sc./ B.Com. Part-I) be so set that it has 120 multiple choice questions (Bilingual) of ½ marks each. The question paper will be of duration of 2 hours. The examinees will have to give their answers on OMR Sheet only to be provided by the University whose evaluation will be done based on OMR Scanning Technology. Further the practical examination for this paper will be of 40 marks and its duration will be of 2 hours.

Unit - I

Introduction to information technology: Evolution and generation of computers, type of computers, micro, mini, mainframe and super computer. Area extra of a computer system: CPU, ALU, Memory (Ram, Rom families) cache me not reput foutput devices, pointing devices.

Concept of Operating system, need types of operating systems, batch, single user, multi – processing, distributed and timeshared operating systems, introduction of Unix. Linux. Windows, Window NT. Programming languages Low level and high level languages, generation of languages, 3 GL and 4 GL languages. Graphic User Interfaces.

Unit - II

Word Processing tool: Introduction, Creating, Saving, Copy, Move and Delete. Checking Spelling and Grammer. Page Layout interface, toolbars, ruler, menus keyboard shortcut, editing. Text Formatting, insert headers and footers. Bullets and Numbering. Find and Replace etc. Insert Table and Picture, Macro, Mail Merge.

Power Point: Creating and viewing a presentation, managing slide shows navigating through a presentation using hyperlinks, advanced navigation with action setting and action buttons. Organizing formats with Master Slides applying and modifying designs adding graphics, multimedia and special effects is

Unit - III

Electronic Spreadsheet: Worksheet types of create and open a worksheet. Entering data text numbers and formula in a worksheet inserting and deleting cells, cell formatting, inserting rows and columns in a worksheet formatting worksheets. Using various formula and inbuilt function. Update worksheet using special tools like spell check and auto correct setup the page

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Unit - IV

creating charts. Enhance worksheets using charts, multiple worksheets-concepts

The Internet - History and Functions of the Internet, Working with Internet. Web Browsers, World Wide Web, Uniform Resource Locator and Domain Names, Uses of Internet, Search for Information, Email, Chatting, Instant messenger services, News, Group, Teleconferencing, Video-Conferencing, E-Commerce and M-Commerce.

Manage an E-mail Account, E-mail Address. configure E-mail Account, log to an E-mail, Receive E-mail. Sending mails, sending files an attachments and Address Book, Downloading Files, online form filling, E-Services - E-Banking and E-Learning.

Unit - V

Social, Ethical and Legal Matters - Effects on the way we: Work Socialise, Operate to other areas, Cyber crime, Prevention of crime, Cyber law: Indian IT Act, Intellectual property Software piracy. Copyright and Patent, Software licensing, Proprietary software, Free and Open source software.

Network Security - Risk assessment and security measures, Assets and types (data, applications, system and network). Security threats and attacks (passive, active); types and effects (e.g. Identity theft, denial of services, computer virus etc.), Security issues and security measures (Firewalls, encryption/decryption). Prevention.

Question Paper pattern for Main University Practical Examination

Max Marks: 40

Practical

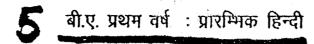
The practical exercises will be designed to help in the understanding of concepts of computer and the utilization in the areas outlined in the theory syllabus. The emphasis should be on practical usage rather than on theoretical concepts only.

The practical examination scheme should be as follows -

- Three Practical Exercise (including Attendance & Record performance)
 - o Operating system
 - c MS Word
 - a MS Excel
 - MS Power Point
 - o Internet
- Viva-voce

10 marks

Py census and a score



100

अंको का विभाजन

1 पुस्तकों पर आधारित प्रश्न

50 अंक

2. व्याकरण से संबंधित प्रश्न

24 अंक

3. रचना से संवंधित प्रश्न

(क) लोकोक्तियाँ मुहावरे

26 अंक

(ख) पत्र लेखन अथवा नियंध

पाठ्यक्रम

1. गद्य संग्रह

2. व्याकरण : शब्द विचार, पाक्य विन्यास, वाक्य खण्ड, पद क्रम का ज्ञान तथा इनमें होने वाली सामान्य त्रुटियों का ज्ञान।

3. (क) मुहावरों एवं लोकोक्तियों का प्रयोग, वाक्यों में रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति, समान दिखते वाले शब्दों का अर्थ भेद अथवा वाक्यों में प्रयोग

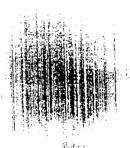
(ख) पत्र लेखन अथवा निबंध

पाठ्य पुस्तकें

1. गध-संग्रह-राष्ट्रीय गौरव के चिन्ह- डॉ. हरिकृष्ण देवसरे प्रकाशक-नेशनल पब्लिशिंग हाउस, नई दिल्ली

व्याकरण एवं रत्तना

- 1. आध्निक हिन्दी व्याकरण तथा रचना लेखक कृष्ण विकल प्रकाशक-नेशनल पब्लिशिंग हाउस, नई दिल्ली
- 2. स्बोध व्याकरण एवं रचना-सम्पादक-व्यथित हृदय-संशोधनकर्ता-डॉ.अम्बा प्रसाद सुमन प्रकाशक - श्रीराम मेहरा एण्ड कम्पनी, आगरा





1. PHYSICS

Scheme:		Max	, Marks: 100
Min. Pass Ma	irks: 36		•
Paper 1	3 hrs. duration	Max. Marks: 33	Min. Pass marks 12
Paper II	3 hrs. duration	Max. Marks: 33	Min. Pass marks 12
Paper III	3 hrs. duration	Max. Marks: 34	Min. Pass marks 12
Practical	5 hrs. duration	Max. Marks: 50	Min. Pass marks 18

Paper-1: Mechanics & Oscillations

Work Load: 2 hrs. Lecture /week

Examination Duration: 3 Hrs.

Scheme of Examination: First question will be of nine marks comprising of the parts of short answer type with answer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to fifth question will have two parts namely (A) and (B) each carrying 3 marks. Part (A) of second to fifth question shall be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal choice.

Unit - 1:

Physical Law and frame of Reference

- (a) Inertial and non-inertial frames, Transformation of displacement, velocity, acceleration between different frames of reference involving translation.

 Galilean transformation and invariance of Newton's laws.
- (b) Coriolis Force: Transformation of displacement, velocity and acceleration between rotating frame, Pseudo forces, Coriolis force, Motion relative to earth, Focult's pendulum.
- (c) Conservative Forces: Introduction about conservative and non-conservative forces, Rectilinear motion under conservative forces, Discussion of potential energy curve and motion of a particle.

Unit - II:

Centre of Mass

Introduction about Centre of Mass, Centre of Mass Frame: Collision of two particles in one and two dimensions (elastic and inelastic), Slowing down of neutrons in a moderator, Motion of a system with varying mass. Angular momentum concept, conservation and charge particle scattering by a nucleus.

Rigid body

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I quation of a motion of a rotating body, Inertial coefficient, Case of I not parallel to or, kinetic energy of rotation and idea of principal axes, Processional motion of its principal top

1 nit - 111:

Motion under Central Forces

tutroduction about Central Forces, Motion under central forces, Gravitational interaction, Inertia and gravitational mass, General solution under gravitational interaction, Keplers I aws. Discussion of trajectories, Cases of elliptical and circular orbits, Rutherford scattering.

Damped Harmonic Oscillations

Introduction about oscillations in a potential well, Damped force and motion under damping. Damped Simple Harmonic Oscillator, Power dissipation, Anharmonic oscillator and simple pendulum as an example.

Unit - IV:

Driven Harmonic Oscillations

Driven harmonic oscillator with damping, Frequency response, Phase sales factor, Resonance, Series and parallel of LCR circuit, Electromechanical Calvanometer.

Coupled Oscillations

Equation of motion of two coupled Simple Harmonic Oscillators, Normal modes motion in mixed modes. Transpent behavior, Dynamics of a number of oscillators with neighbor interactions.

Text books:

- . Mechanics (SIE). Charles Kinel
- · Introduction to Classical mechanics. TMH
- The Physics of Waves & Oscillations, Bajaj
- . H. Goldstein, Classical mechanics.
- . L.N. Hand, J.D. Finch. Analytical mechanics (Cambridge, 1998).
- . I. Landau, E. Lifshitz, Metamics.

Paper - II (Electromagnetism)

Work Load: 2 krs. Lecture /week

Examination Duration: 3 Hrs.

Scheme of Examination: First question will be of nine marks comprising of six parts of short answer type with answer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to fifth question will have two parts namely (A) and (B) each carrying 3 marks. Part (A) of second to fifth question shall be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal choice.

UnitEsahrand Vector Frelds

Concept of Field, Scalar and Vector Fields, Gradient of scalar field, Physical significance and formalism of Gradient, Divergence and Curl of a vector field Cartesian co-ordinates system, Problems based on Gradient, Divergence and curl operators. Concept of Solid angle, Gauss divergence and Stoke's theorem. Gauss law from inverse square law. Differential form of Gauss law.

Electric Field and Potential Energy.

Invariance of Charge, Potential energy of system of (i) Discrete N-charges (ii) Continuous charge distribution. Energy required to built a uniformly charged sphere, classical radius of electron, Electric field due to a short electric dipole, Interaction of electric dipole with external uniform and non uniform electric field, potential due to a uniformly charged spheric shell.

Poisson's and Laplace equations in Cartesian co-ordinates and their applications to solve the problems of electrostatics.

Electric field measured in moving frames, Electric field of a point charge moving with constant velocity.

Unit II: Electric field in matter

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Multipole expansion, defination of moments of charge distribution, Dielectrics, Induced dipole moments, polar non polar molecules, Free and bound charges, Polarization, Atomic polarizability, electric displacement vector, electric susceptibility, dielectric constant, relation between them.

Electric potential and electric field due to a uniformly polarized sphere (i) out side the sphere (ii) at the surface of the sphere (iii) inside the sphere, Electric field due to a dielectric sphere placed in a uniform electric field (a) out side the sphere (b) inside the sphere, Electric field due to a charge placed in dielectric medium and Gauss law, Clausius-Mossotti relation in dielectrics.

Unit III: Magnetostatics and Magnetic field in matter

Lorentz force, properties of magnetic field, Ampere's law, field due to a current carrying solid conducting cylinder (a) out side (b) at the surface and (ii) inside the cylinder. Ampere's law in differential form, Introduction of Magnetic Vector potential, Poisson's equation for vector potential, Deduction of Bio-Savart law using Magnetic Vector potentials, Differential form of Ampere's law.

Atomic magnet, Gyromagnetic ratio, Bohr-magneton, Larmor frequency, induced mangnentic moment and dia-magnetism, spin magnetic moment, para and ferro-magnetism, Intensity of Magnetization, Magnetic permeability and Susceptibility, free and bound current dencities, Magnetic field due to a uniformly magnetized material and Non-uniformly magnetized material.

Unit IV: Maxwell's Equations and Electromagnetic waves

Displacement current, Maxwell's Equations, Electromagnetic waves, Electromagnetic waves in an Isotropic medium, Properties of electromagnetic waves, Energy density of Electromagnetic waves, Pointing vector, Radiation pressure of free space, Electromagnetic waves in Dispersive medium, Spectrum of Electromagnetic waves.

References:

- 1. Electricity & Magnetism; A.S. Mahajan & Abbas A. Rangwala, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Introduction to Electrodynamics; David J. Griffith, Prentice Hall
- 3. Berkley Physics Course, Vol. II
- 4. Fundamental University Physics Vol II: Fields and Waves; M. Alonso and E.J. Finn: Addison-Wesley Publishing Company,

Introduction to Flectrodynamics :, David J. Griffith, Prentice Hall

3 Berkley Physics Course , Vol. II

4. Fundamental University Physics Vol II: Fields and Waves; M. Alonso and E.J. Finn: Addison-Wesley Publishing Company.

Paper III OPTICS

Work Load: 2 hrs. Lecture /week

Examination Duration: 3 Hrs.

Scheme of Examination: First question will be of nine marks comprising of at parts of short answer type with answer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to little marks will have two parts namely (A) and (B) each carrying 3 marks. Part (A) of second as question shall be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal paoles.

Unit - 1 Interference:

Concept of Spatial and Temporal Coherence, coherence length, coherence time, Definition and propagation of a wave front Huygen's principle of secondary wavelets, Young's Double slit experiment. Types of interference, interference by division of wavefronts: Fresnel's Biprism, Measurement of wavelength λ and thickness of a thin transparent sheet, Interference by division of amplitude: Interference in thin films of constant thickness in transmitted and reflected waves. Interference produced by a wedge shaped film, Newton's rings, Determination of wavelength λ and refractive index μ by Newton's Rings: fringes of equal inclination (Haidinger fringes) and equal thickness (Fizeau fringes), Michelson's Interferometer, shape of fringes, Measurement of wavelength, difference between two spectral lines and thickness of a thin transparent sheet.

Unit - 2 Diffraction:

Fresnel's diffraction, Half period zones, Fresnel's diffraction at a circular aperture strippic cage and a rectangular slit. Zone plate, Multiple foci of zone plate, comparison between a strippic cage and convex lens, Fraunhofer diffraction by single slit and a circular aperture diffraction by N parallel slits with two slits as a special case, Missing order, Plate till a for grating and its use in determining wavelength, Dispersion by a grating, Rayleigh's criterion of resolution. Resolving power of a Telescope and a Grating.

t nit - 3 Polarization:

Polarization (i) Plane polarized light (ii) Circularly polarized light and (iii) Ethiptically Polarized light, Production of Plane polarized light; (i) by reflection (ii) by refraction (iii) by

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double refraction and (iv) by dichroism (Polaroid), Identification of polarized high Higger's theory of double retraction, Production of Circularly and Elliptically Polarized light, Quarterwave and half wave plates. Analysis of polarized light, Optical activity. Laws of optical Activity, Fresnel's explanation of optical activity, Experimental verification of Fresnel's theory. Specific rotation, Polarimeter, Types of Polarimeter: (i) Laurent's half shade polarimeter and (ii) Biquartz polarimeter.

Unit - 4: Quantum Optics & Photonics

- (i) Laser: Spontaneous and stimulated emission, Einstein's A & B coefficients, Energy density of radiation as a result of stimulated emission and absorption, population inversion, Methods of optical pumping, energy level schemes, He-Ne, Ruby, co₂ lasers.
- (ii) Holography: Basic concepts of Holography, principle of holography, Theory, construction and reconstruction of image, application of holography.
- (iii) Fiber Optics: Introduction of Optical Fiber, Necessity of Cladding, Optical fiber system, optical fiber cable, Total internal Reflection, Explanation of Propagation of Illumination of Propagation of Propagation

Reference:

- 1. Optics by Brij Lal & Subramanium, S. Chand.
- 2. Optics by D. P. Khandelwal.
- 3. Principles of optics by B. K. Mathur.
- 4. Introduction to Modern Optics by A. K. Ghatak.
- 5. An introduction to Modern Optics by G. R. Fowels.
- 6. Essentials of Lasers by Allen.

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Practical

Work Load: Four hours laboratory work per week

Examination Duration: Four hours

Minimum Experiments: Total sixteen taking eight from each section.

The colleges are free to set new experiments of equivalent standard. This should be intimated and approved by the Convener, Board of Studies before the start of academic session. It is binding on the college to have experimental set up of at least sixteen experiments listed below (8 from each section). In case number of experiment performed by the student is less than sixteen, his marks shall be scaled down in final examination on pro rate basis. Laboratory examination paper will be set by the external examiner by making pairs of experiments taking one from each section out of sixteen or more experiments available at the center. Different combinations shall be given for different batch.

Section A

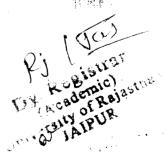
- 1. To study the variation of power transfer by two different loads by a DC source and to verify maximum power transfer theorem.
- 2. To study the variation of charge and current in a RC circuit with a different time constant (using a DC source).
- 3. To study the behavior of a RC circuit with varying resistance and capacitance using AC mains as a power source and also to determine the impedance and phase relations.
- 4. To study the rise and decay of current in an LR circuit with a source of constant emf.
- 5. To study the voltage and current behavior of an LR circuit with an AC power source. Also determine power factor, impedance and phase relations.
- 6. To study the characteristics of a semi-conductor junction diode and determine forward and reverse resistances.
- 7. To study the magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying circular coil. Plot the necessary graph and hence find radius of the circular coil.
- 8. To determine the specific resistance of a material and determine difference between two small resistance using Carey Fosters Bridge.
- 9 To convert a galvanometer into a ammeter of a given range
- 10. To convert a galvanometer into a voltmeter of a given range.

Section B

- 1 To study the random decay and determine the decay constant using the statistical board.
- 1 Using compound pendulum study the variation of time period with amplitude in large angle oscillations.
- 3. To study the damping using compound pendulum.



- study the excitation of normal modes and measure frequency splitting using two coupled oscillators.
- 5. To study the frequency of energy transfer as a function of coupling strength using coupled oscillators.
- 6. To study the viscous fluid damping of a compound pendulum and determining damping coefficient and Q of the oscillator.
- 7. To study the electromagnetic damping of a compound pendulum and to find the variation of damping coefficients with the assistance of a conducting lamina.
- 8. To find J by Callender and Barne's Method.
- 9. To determine Young's modulus by bending of beam.
- 10. To determine Y, σ and η by Searle's method.
- 11. To ensure Curie temperature of Monel alloy.
- 12. To determine modulus of rigidity of a wire using Maxwell's needle.
- 13. Study of normal modes of a coupled pendulum system. Study of oscillations in mixed modes and find the period of energy exchange between the two oscillators.
- 14. To study variation of surface tension with temperature using Jaegger's methic
- 15. To study the specific-rotation of sugar solution by polarimeter.





CHEMISTRY

Scheme:

Max Marks: 150

1/14.X 1/141.K3. 250							
Duration (hrs.)	Max. Marks	Min. Pass Marks					
3	33						
3	33	36					
3	34						
5	50	18					
		Duration (hrs.) Max. Marks 3 33 3 33 3 34					

Note: Ten (10) questions are to be set taking two (02) questions from each unit. Candidates have to answer any 5 questions selecting at least one question from each unit.

CH-101 Paper I: Inorganic Chemistry (2 hrs or 3 periods/ week)

Unit-I

Ionic Solids: Ionic structures, radius ratio effect and coordination number, limitation of radius ratio rule, lattice defects, semiconductors, lattice energy and Born Haber cycle, solvation energy and solubility of ionic solids, polarizing power and polarisability of ions, Fajan's first the solubility of ionic solids, polarizing power and polarisability of ions, Fajan's first the solubility of ionic solids.

Metallic bond: free electron, valence bond and band theories.

Weak Interactions: Hydrogen bonding, vander Waals forces.

Unit-II

Covalent Bond: Valence bond theory and its limitations, directional and shapes of simple inorganic molecules and ions. Valence shell electron pair repulsion (VSEPR) theory to NH₃, $H_3O^+SF_4$, CIF₃, ICl₂, H_2O .

Molecular Orbital Theory: homonuclear and heteronuclear (CO and NO) diatomic molecules. Multicenter bonding in electron deficient molecules, bond strength and bond energy, percentage ionic character from dipole moment and electronegativity difference.

Unit-III

s-Block Elements: Comparative study, diagonal relationships, salient features of hydrides, solvation and complexation tendencies including their function in biosystems, an introduction to alkyls and aryls.

Periodicity of p-block elements: Periodicity in properties of p-block elements reference to atomic and ionic radii, ionization energy, electron affinity, electron diagonal relationship, catenation.

UNIT-IV

Some Important Compounds of p-block Elements: Hydrides of boron, diborane and higher boranes, borazine, borohydrides, fullerenes, carbides, fluorocarbons, silicates (structural principle), tetrasulphur tetranitride, basic properties of halogens, interhalogens and polyhalides.

P.J. VOLCE STORY

checkstry of Noble Gases: Chemical properties of the noble gases, chemistry of Kenon, structure and bonding in Xenon compounds.

Unit- V

Nuclear Chemistry: Fundamental particles of nucleus (nucleons); Concept of nuclides and its representation; Isotopes, Isobars and Isotones (with specific examples); Forces operating between nucleons (n-n, p-p, & n-p); Qualitative idea of stability of nucleus (nv_p ratio).

Radioactive disintegration series; Radioactive disintegration series; Radioactive displacement law; Radioactivity decay rates; Half life and average life; Nuclear binding energy, mass defect and calculation of defect and binding energy; Nuclear reactions, Spallation, Nuclear fission and fusion.

CH-102 Paper II: Organic Chemistry (2 hrs or 3 periods / week)

Unit-I

Mechanism of Organic Reactions: Homolytic and heterolytic bond cleavage Types of reagents, electrophiles and nucleophiles. Reactive intermediates - carbocations carried free radicals, carbenes, arynes and nitrenes (with examples). Types of organic reaction to considerations. Methods of determination of reaction mechanism (product analysis, intermediates, isotope effects, kinetic and stereochemical studies).

Unit-II

Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds: Concept of isomerism, Types of isomerism, Difference between configuration and conformation, Flying wedge and Fischer projection formulae.

Optical Isomerism: Elements of symmetry, molecular chirality, enantiomers, stereogenic centre, optical activity. Properties of enantiomers, chiral and achiral molecules with two stereogenic centres. Diastereomers, threo and erythro isomers, meso compounds. Resolution of enantiomers. Inversion, retention and racemization (with examples).

Relative and absolute configuration, sequence rules, D/L and R/S systems of nomenclature. Geometric Isomerism: Determination of configuration of geometric isomers - cis/trans and E/Z systems of nomenclature. Geometric isomerism in oximes and alicyclic compounds.

Conformational Isomerism: Newman projection and Sawhorse formulae, Conformational analysis of ethane, n-butane, cyclohexane.

Unit-Ill

Alkanes and Cycloalkanes: IUPAC nomenclature of branched and unbranched alky graph classification of carbon atoms in alkanes. Methods of formation (with special reference of Warrange reaction, Kolbe reaction, Corey-House reaction and decarboxylation of carbon decarboxylation of carbon decarboxylation of carbon decarboxylation of reactions. Physical properties and chemical reactions of alkanes. Mechanism of free radical decentarion orientation, reactivity and selectivity. Cycloalkanes - nomenclature, methods of formation, chemical reactions. Baeyer's strain theory and its limitations. Theory of strainless rings.

Alkenes, Cycloalkenes, Dienes and Alkynes: Methods of formation, mechanisms of dehydration of alcohols and dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides. Regioselectivity in alcohol dehydration - the Saytzeff rule, Hoffmann elimination. Physical properties and relative stabilities

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and free radical additions. Markownikosi's rule, hydroboration-oxidation, oxymercuration-reduction. Epoxidation, ozonolysis, hydration, hydroxylation and oxidation with KMnO₄. Polymerization of alkenes. Substitution at the allylic and vinylic positions of alkenes.

Classification and Nomenclature of isolated, conjugated and cumulated dienes. Structure of allenes and butadiene. Methods of formation, properties, Chemical reactions - 1,2- and 1,4-additions, Diels-Alder reaction and polymerization.

Structure and bonding in alkynes. Methods of formation. Chemical reactions - acidity of alkynes; mechanism of electrophilic and nucleophilic addition reactions; hydroboration-oxidation; metal-ammonia reduction, oxidation and polymerization.

Unit-IV

Arenes and Aromaticity: Nomenclature of benzene derivatives. The aryl group, aromatic nucleus and side chain. Structure of benzene: molecular formula and Kekule structure. Stability and carbon-carbon bond lengths of benzene, resonance structure, MO diagram.

Aromaticity: the Huckel rule, aromatic ions – three to eight membered.

Aromatic electrophilic substitution: General pattern of the mechanism, role of standing red process. Mechanism of nitration, halogenation, sulphonation, mercuration is reactions and chloromethylation. Energy profile diagrams. Activating and deep string substituents. Directive influence - orientation and ortho/para ratio. Side chain reactions of benzene derivatives. Birch reduction.

Unit-V

Alkyl and Aryl Halides: Methods of formation of alkyl halides, chemical reactions. Mechanisms of nucleophilic substitution reactions of alkyl halides S_N2 and S_N1 reactions with energy profile diagrams.

Polyhalogen compounds: Chloroform, carbon tetrachloride.

Methods of formation of aryl halides, nuclear and side chain reactions. The addition-elimination and the elimination-addition mechanisms of nucleophilic aromatic substitution reactions. Relative reactivities of alkyl, allyl, vinyl and aryl halides.

CH-103 Paper III: Physical Chemistry (2 hrs. or 3 Periods/week)

UNIT-I

Mathematical Concepts: Logarithmic relations, curve sketching, linear graphs and fall all lights of slopes, differentiation of functions like k_x , e^x , x^n , sinx and log x; maxima and minimal fall differentiation and reciprocity relations, integration of some useful/relevant functions, permutations and combinations, factorials, probability.

Liquid State: Intermolecular forces, structure of liquids (a qualitative description). Structural differences between solids, liquids and gases. Liquid crystals: Difference between liquid crystal, solid and liquid. Classification, structure of nematic and cholestric phases. Thermography and seven segment cell.

UNIT- II

Gaseous States: Postulates of kinetic theory of gases, deviation from ideal behavior van der Waals equation of state.

Critical Phenomenon: PV isotherms of real gases, continuity of states, the isotherms of van der Waals equation, relationship between critical constants and van der Waals constants, the law of corresponding states, reduced equation of state.

Molecular velocities: Root mean square, average and most probable velocities. Qualitative discussion of the Maxwell's distribution of molecular velocities, collision number, mean free path and collision diameter. Liquification of gases (based on Joule-Thomson effect.)

UNIT- III

Solid State: Definition of space lattice, unit cell.

Laws of crystallography- (i) Law of constancy of interfacial angles (ii) Law of rationality of indices (iii) Law of symmetry. Symmetry elements in crystals.

Basic concept of X-ray diffraction by crystals. Derivation of Bragg's equation Determination of Crystal structure of NaCl and CsCl (Laue's method and powder method), band theory of solids. Defects in solids

INIT IV

Colloidal State: Definition of colloids, classification of colloids.

Solids in liquids (sols) properties- kinetic, optical and electrical, stability of colloids Properties action, Hardy-Schulze law, gold number.

Liquids in solids (gels): classification, preparation and properties, inhibition, general applications of colloids.

Liquids in liquids (emulsions): types of emulsions, preparation. Emulsifier

INIT V

Chemical Kinetics: Chemical kinetics and its scope, rate of a reaction, factors influencing the rate of a reaction, concentration, temperature, pressure, solvent, light, catalyst. Concentration dependence of rates, mathematical characteristics of simple chemical reactions - zero order, first order, second order; pseudo order, half-life and mean-life. Determination of the order of reactions - differential method, method of integration, method of half-life period and isolation method.

Radioactive decay as a first order phenomenon.

Experimental methods of chemical kinetics: conductometric, potentiometric, optical methods, polarimetry and spectrophotometry. Theories of chemical kinetics. Effect of temperature on rate of reaction, Arrhenius equation, concept of activation energy.

Simple collision theory based on hard sphere model transition state theory in the hypothesis). Expression for the rate constant bases on equilibrium constant and the rate aspects.

Practical: CH -104: Laboratory Course -I (4 hrs or 6 periods / week)

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY

Separation and identification of six radicals (3 cations and 3 anions) in the given inorganic mixture including special combinations.



JAGANIC CHEMISTRY

Laboratory Techniques

- (a) Determination of melting point (naphthalene, benzoic acid, urea, etc.); boiling point (methanol, ethanol, cyclohexane, etc.); mixed melting point (urea-cinnamic acid, etc.).
- (b) Crystallization of phthalic acid and benzoic acid from hot water, acetanilide from boiling water, naphthalene from ethanol etc.; Sublimation of naphthalene, camphor, etc.

Qualitative Analysis

Element Detection (N, S and halogens). Functional group determination (unsaturation, phenolic, alcoholic, carboxylic, carbonyl, ester, carbohydrate, amine, amide, nitro) in simple organic solids and liquids.

PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

(One of the following experiments should be given in the examination)

(i) Chemical Kinetics:

- (a) To determine the specific reaction rate of the hydrolysis of methyl acetate/ ethyl acetate catalyzed by hydrogen ions at room temperature.
- (b) To study the effect of acid strength on the hydrolysis of an ester.
- (c) To compare the strengths of HCl and H₂SO, by studying the kinetics of hydrolysis of ethyl acetate.
- (d) To study kinetically the reaction rate of decomposition of iodide by H₂O₂

(ii) Viscosity, Surface Tension:

- (a) To determine the viscosity/surface tension of a pure liquid (alcohol etc.) at room temperature. (using the Ostwald viscometer/stglagmometer).
- (b) To determine the percentage composition of a given binary mixture by surface tension method (acetone & ethyl methyl ketone).
- (c) To determine the percentage composition of $\frac{1}{4}$ given mixture (non-interacting systems) by viscosity method.
- (d) To determine the viscosity of amyl alcohol in water at different concentration and calculate the excess viscosity of these solutions.

(Instructions to the Examiners) CHY 104: Chemistry Practical (Pass course)

Max.	Marks: 50	Duration of Exam: 5 hts.	Minimum Pass Marks: 18
	anic Chemistry		
Ex.1	Separation and ide	entification of 3 cations and 3 anions in	the mixture
Organ	nic Chemistry		
	Laboratory Techn	iques	
	Qualitative Analys	sis	A STATE OF THE STA
	Detection of element	ent and detection of functional group	10
Physic	cal Chemistry		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Ex. 4	Perform one of the	e experiments mentioned in the syllabus	12
Ex. 5	Viva-voce	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5
Ex. 6	Record		5
	Total	4	50/
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B.Sc. Part-I

Scheme:

Max. Marks: 100 Min. Pass Marks: 36

Paper I: 3 Hrs duration33 MarksPaper II: 3 Hrs duration33 MarksPaper III: 3 Hrs duration34 Marks

Practicals : 4 Hrs. duration 50 Marks

NOTE:

1. There will be two parts of every theory question paper with a total duration of 3 hours. First part of question paper will comprise of question No. 1 containing 9 (Paper I & II) or 10 (Paper III) very short answer (Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of 1 mark. This part is compulsory to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed covering the entire syllabus.

Second part of question paper will be of long answer type questions having three sections. There will be total 9 questions (Q. No. 2 to 10) in this part, *i.e.*, three from each unit /section out of which candidate will be required to attempt any 4 questions selecting at least one question from each unit/section. Each question will carry 6 marks.

2. The candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

PAPER – I: Z-101 DIVERSITY OF ANIMALS

Section - A

Biosystematics and Taxonomy

- 1. General principles of taxonomy, concept of five kingdom scheme, international code of nomenclature, cladistics, molecular taxonomy.
- 2. Concept of Protozoa and Metazoa, and levels of organization.
- 3. Taxonomy and basis of classification of non-chordata and chordata: symmetry, coelom, segmentation and embryogeny.
- 4. Detailed classification of Non- chordata and Chordata (up to suborders with examples).

Section - B

Habitat, Habit, Morphology, Structure, *Locomotion, Organs and Systems (Digestive, Excretory, Respiratory, *Osmoregulation, Nervous & Reproductive), Life Cycle, *Affinities and *Adaptations.

Note: * indicates wherever required

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1. Protozoa

:Amoeba,Entamoeba,Paramaecium,Euglena,Plasmodium,Trypanosoma and Leishmania.

- 2. Porifera: Sycon and Leucosolenia.
- 3. Coelentrata: Obelia and Aurelia.

Section -C

Habitat, Habit, Morphology, Structure ,*Locomotion, Organs and Systems (Digestive, Excretory, Respiratory, Nervous & Reproductive), Life Cycle, *Affinities and *Adaptations.

Note: * indicates wherever required

- 1. Ctenophora: Beroe
- 2. Platyhelminthes; Fasciola hepatica and Taenia solium.
- 3. Aschelminthes: Ascaris, Dracunculus and Wuchereria.
- 4. Annelida: Neries and Leech.

PAPER – II: Z-102 CELL BIOLOGY AND GENETICS

Section - A

Cell Biology

- 1. Introduction to cell: Morphology, size, shape, characteristics and structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic animal cell; basic idea of virus and cell theory.
- 2. Cell membrane: Characteristics of cell membrane molecules, fluid-mosaic model of Singer and Nicholson, concept of unit membrane.
- 3. Cell membrane transport: Passive (diffusion and osmosis, facilitated, mediated) and active transport.
- 4. Cytoplasmic organelles:
 - (i) Structure and biogenesis of mitochondria; electron transport chain and generation of ATP molecules.
 - (ii) Structure and functions of endoplasmic reticulum, ribosome (prokaryotic and eukaryotic) and Golgi complex.
 - (iii) Structure and functions of lysosome, microbodies and centrioles.
 - (iv) Structure and functions of cilia, flagella, microvilli and cytoskeletal elements.

Section – B

1. Nuclear Organization:

- (i) Structure and function of nuclear envelope, nuclear matrix and nucleolus.
- (ii) Chromosomes: Morphology, chromonema, chromomeres, telomeres, primary and secondary constrictions, chromatids, prokaryotic chromosome.
- (iii) Giant chromosome types: Polytene and Lampbrush.
- (iv) Chromosomal organization: Euchromatin, heterochromatin and folded fiber model and nucleosome concept.

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28

2. Nucleic Acids:

- (i) DNA structure, polymorphism (A, B and Z types) and replication (semi conservative mechanism) experiments of Messelson and Stahl: elementary idea about polymerases, topoisomerases, single strand binding proteins, replicating forks (both unidirectional and bidirectional), leading and lagging strands, RNA primers and Okazaki fragments, elementary idea about DNA repair.
- (ii) RNA structure and types (mRNA, rRNA and tRNA) and transcription.
- 3. **Genetic code and translation:** Triplet code, characteristics of triplet code, protein synthesis (translation).

4. Cell in reproduction:

- (i) Interphase nucleus and cell cycle: S, G-1, G-2 and M phase.
- (ii) Mitosis: Different stages, structure and function of spindle apparatus; anaphasic movement.
- (iii) Meiosis: Different stages, synapses and synaptonemal complex, formation of chiasmata and significance of crossing over.

Section - C

Genetics

- 1. Mendelism: Brief history of genetics and Mendel's work; Mendelian laws, their significance and current status, chromosomal theory of inheritance.
- 2. Chromosomal mutations: Classification, translocation, inversion, deletion and duplication; Variations in chromosome numbers; haploidy diploidy, polyploidy, aneuploidy, euploidy and polysomy.
- 3. Linkage and crossing over, elementary idea of chromosome mapping.
- 4. Genetic interaction: Supplementary genes, complementary genes, duplicate genes, epistasis, inhibitory and polymorphic genes.
- 5. Multiple gene inheritance: ABO blood groups and Rh factor and their significance.
- 6. Cytoplasmic inheritance.
- 7. Sex determination in *Drosophila* and man, pedigree analysis.
- 8. Genetic disorders: Down's, Turner's and Klinefelter's syndromes, color blindness, Hemophilia, Phenylketonuria.
- 9. Concept of gene: Recon, muton and cistron.

PAPER – III: Z-103 GAMETE AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY Section – A

Developmental Biology: Scope and Early Events

- 1. Historical review, types and scope of embryology.
- 2. Gametogenesis:
 - (i) Formation of ova and sperm.
 - (ii) Vitellogenesis.
- 3. Fertilization: Activation of ovum, essence of activation: Changes in the organization of the egg cytoplasm.
- 4. Parthenogenesis.

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Section - B

Developmental Biology: Pattern and Processes

- 1. Cleavage: Definition, planes and patterns of cleavage among non chordates and chordates, significance of cleavage, blastulation and morulation.
- 2. Fate maps, morphogenetic cell movements, significance of gastrulation.
- 3. Embryonic induction, primary organizer, differentiation and competence.
- 4. Development of chick up to 96 hours stage.
- 5. Embryonic adaptations:
 - (i) Extra embryonic membranes in chick, their development and functions.
 - (ii) Placentation in Mammals: Definition, types, classification on the basis of morphology and histology, functions of placenta.
 - (iii) Paedogenesis and neoteny.

Section - C

Dimensions in Developmental Biology

- 1. Regeneration.
- 2. Various types of stem cells and their applications.
- 3. Cloning of animals:
 - (i) Nuclear transfer technique.
 - (ii) Embryo transfer technique.
- 4. Teratogenesis (Genetic and Induced).
- 5. Biology of aging.
- 6. Cell death.

B.Sc. Part-I 2020

Practical - Zoology

Min. Marks: 18

4 Hrs. / Week

Max. Marks: 50

I. Microscopic Techniques:

- 1. Organization and working of Optical Microscope: Dissecting and compound microscopes.
- 2. General methods of microscopic slide preparations: Narcotization; fixing and preservation; washing; staining; destaining; dehydration; clearing and mounting.
- 3. General idea of composition, preparation and use of:
 - (i) Fixatives: Formalin, Bouin's fluid.
 - (ii) Stains: Aceto-carmine, Aceto-orcein, Haematoxylin, Eosin.
 - (iii) Common reagents: Normal saline, Acid water, Acid alcohol and Mayer's albumin.
- 4. Collection and Culture Methods:
 - (i) Collection of animals from their natural habitat during field trips such as Amoeba, Paramecium, Euglena, Daphnia, Cyclops, etc.
 - (ii) Culture of *Paramecium* in the laboratory and study of its structure, life processes and behavior in live state.

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II. Study of Microscopic Slides and Museum Specimens:

Protozoa: Amoeba, Euglena, Trypanosoma, Giardia, Entamoeba, Elphidium (Polystomella), Foraminiferous shells, Monocystis, Plasmodium, Paramecium, leishmania, Paramecium showing binary fission and conjugation, Opalina, Nyctotherus, Balantidium, Vorticella.

Porifera:Leucosolenia, Euplectella, Spongilla, T. S. Sycon, Spicules, Spongin fibers, Gemmules.

Coelenterata: Millepora, Physalia, Velella, Aurelia, Alcyonium, Gorgonia, Pennatula, Sea anemone, Stone corals, Obelia colony and medusa.

Ctennophora: Any Ctenophore

Platyhelminthes: Taenia, Planaria, Fasciola (WM), T. S. body of

Fasciola, Miracidium, Sporocyst, Redia and CercariaLarvae of Fasciola, Scolex, T. S. mature proglottid of Taenia,

gravid proglottid, Cysticercus larva.

Aschelminthes : Ascaris, Wuchereria, Dracunculus

Annelida : Neries, Heteroneries, Arenicola, Aphrodite, Chaetopterus,

Tubifix, Glossiphonia, Pontobdella, Polygordius.

III. Anatomy:

34

Earthworm: External features, general viscera, alimentary canal, reproductive system and nervous system.

Leech: External features, alimentary canal, reproductive and nervous system.

IV. Study of the Following Through Permanent Slide Preparation: Paramecium, Euglena, Foraminiferous shells, Sponge spicules, Spongin fibres, Gemmule, Hydra, Obelia colony and Medusa; Parapodium of Nereis and Heteronereis.

V. Exercises in Cell Biology:

- 1. Squash preparation for the study of mitosis in onion root tip, permanent slides of mitosis (all stages).
- 2. Squash preparation for the study of meiosis in grasshopper or cockroach testes, permanent slice of meiosis (all stages).
- 3. Study of giant chromosomes in salivary glands of *Chironomous* or *Drosophila* larva.
- 4. Study of cell permeability using mammalian R.B.C.

VI. Exercises in Genetics:

- A. Study of Drosophila:
- 1. Life cycle and an idea about its culture
- 2. Identification of male and female
- 3. Identification of wild and mutants (yellow body, ebony, vestigial wing and white eye)
- 4. Study of permanent prepared slides: Sex comb and salivary gland chromosomes.
- B. Numerical problems based on monohybrid and dihybrid cross.

C. Identification of blood groups (A, B, AB, O & Rh factor)

VII. Developmental Biology:

1. Study of development of frog/toad with the help of Charts/Slides/Models:

- (i) Eggs, cleavage, blastula, gastrula, neurula, tail-bud, hatching, mature tadpole larvae, metamorphic stages, toadlet / froglet.
- (ii) Histological slides: Cleavage, blastula, gastrula, neurula and tail-bud stage.

2. Study of development of chick with the help of whole mounts/Charts/Slides/Models

- (i) 18 hrs, 21 hrs, 24 hrs, 33 hrs, 48 hrs, 72 hrs and 96 hrs of incubation.
- (ii) Primitive streak stage in living embryo, if possible, after removal of the blastoderm from the egg.
- (iii) Study of the embryo at various stages of incubation *in vivo* by making a window in the egg-shell may also be demonstrated.
- (iv) Study of various foetal membranes in a 10-12 day old chick embryo.

B.Sc. Part - I
Scheme of Practical Examination and Distribution of Marks

Time: 4 Hrs.		lin Pass Marks: 18	Max. Marks: 50		
			Regular	Ex. /N.C. Students	
1.	Anatomy (any system)		6	5	
2.	Permanent Preparation		. 4	7	
3.	Cell Biology and Genetics		4+4	6+6	
4.	Developmental Biology		6	5	
5.	Identification and comments on	Spots (1 to 8)	16	16	
6.	Viva Voce		5	5	
7.	Class Record		5	-	
			50	50	
					

Notes:

- 1. Anatomy: Study of systems of the prescribed types with the help of dissection.
- 2. With reference to microscopic slides, in case of non-availability, the exercise should be substituted with diagrams / photographs.
- 3. Candidates must keep a record of all work done in the practical class and submit the same for inspection at the time of the practical examination.
- 4. The candidates may be asked to write detailed methodology wherever necessary and separate marks may be allocated for the same.
- 5. Mounting material for permanent preparations would be as per the syllabus or as available through collection and culture methods.
- 6. It should be ensured that animals used in the practical exercises are not covered under the wild life act 1972 and amendments made subsequently.

BOTANY B. Sc. Part I (Fass Course Syllabus)

Scheme

Min. Pass Marks: 36

PaperI

3 hrs. Duration

Max Marks: 100 Max Marks 33

Paper III
Paper III

3 hrs. Duration 3 hrs. Duration

Max. Marks 33 Max. Marks 34

Practical Min.Marks: 18

4 hrs, duration

Max. Marks 50

Duration of examination of each theory paper-

Duration of examination of practical's-

3 hours . 4 hours

Note:

- 1. There will be 5 questions in each paper. Allquestions are compulsory. Candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.
- 2. Q.No. 1 will have 18 very short answer typeQuestions(not more than 20 words) of half marks each covering entire syllabus.
- 3. Each paper is divided into four units. There will be one questionfrom each unit. These Q.No. 2 to 5 will have internal choice.

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33-

Paper-I Cell Biology, Genetics and Plant Breeding (2 hrs /week) Unit-1

Cell organelles and Nuclear material: Ultrastructures and functions of different cell organelles (cell wall, plasmamembrane, nucleus, mitochondria, chloroplast, ribosome, peroxisomes, Lysosome, Golgi bodies and Endoplasmic Reticulum). Chromatin structure & Chromosome organization: eukaryotic and prokaryotic. Chromosome morphology; specialized types of chromosomes (Sex chromosomes, lampbrush Chromosome, Polytene chromosome); transposons.

Unit-2

Cell divisions: Cell cycle, minosis: stages, structure and functions of spindle apparatus; anaphasic chromosome movement; Meiosis: its different stages- Meiosis I, Meiosis II, synaptonemal complex, chiasmata formation and crossing over.

Basis of genetic material: Griffith's transformation experiment and The Hershey and Chase blender experiment to demonstrate DNA as the genetic material. Concept of Gene: Neurospora genetics: one gene one enzyme hypothesis;

An idea about Prokaryotic and eukaryotic structure of gene – operon concept, exons and introns.

Extra nuclear genome: mitochondrial and Chloroplastgenome, plasmids;

Chromosomal aberrations: Deletion, duplication, translocation, inversion, Aneuploidy and polyploidy.

Unit-3

Genetic inheritance: Mendel's laws of inheritance and their exceptions; allelic (incomplete and co-dominance, lethality) and non-allelic interactions (complementary genes, epistasis and duplicate genes). Quantitative inheritance: grain color in wheat, corolla length in *Nicotiana tahacum*.

Cytoplasmic inheritance-maternal influence, shell coiling in snails, Kappa particles in Paramaecium, Multiple allelism: ABO blood groups in men

Unit-4

Plant Breeding: Introduction and objectives of plant breeding; general methods of plant breeding- in self-pollinated, cross-pollinated and vegetatively propagated crop plants: Introduction and acclimatization, selections, hybridizations, hybrid vigour and inbreeding depression. Role of mutation and polyploidy in plant breeding. Famous Indian and international plant breeders and their contribution. National and International agricultural research institutes.

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Plant breeding work done on wheat and rice in India, Green revolution

Suggested Laboratory Exercises:

- Study of cell structure from Onion, *Hydrilla* and *Spirogyra*.
- Study of cyclosis in *Tradescantia* spp.
- Study of plastid for pigment distribution in Lycopersicom, Cassia and Capsicum.
- Study of electron microphotographs of eukaryotic cells for various cell organelles.
- Study of electron microphotographs of virus, bacteria and eukaryotic cells for comparative study of cellular organization.
- Study of different stages of mitosis and meiosis in root-tip cells and flower buds respectively of onion.
- To solve genetic problems based upon Mendel's laws of inheritance: Monohybrid, Dihybrid, Back cross and test cross.
- Permanent slides/photographs of different stages of mitosis and meiosis, sex chromosomes, polytene chromosome and salivary gland chromosomes,
- Emasculation, bagging & tagging techniques
- Cross pollination techniques

Suggested Readings:

- Choudhary, H.K. (1989). Elementary Principles of Plant Breeding. Oxford and IBM Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- Gupta, P.K. (2009). Cytology, Genetics, Evolution. and Plant Breeding, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
- Miglani, GS. (2000). Advanced Genetics, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Russel, PI. (1998). Genetics. The Benejamins/Cummings Publishikng Co., Inc. U.S.A.
- Shukla, R.S. and Chandel, P.S. (2000). Cytogenetics, Evolution and Plant Breeding, S. Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Singh, R.B. (1999). Text Book of Plant Breeding, Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana.
- Dnyansagar, VR. (1986). Cytology and Genetics, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
- Roy, SC. and De, KK. (1999). Cell Biology, New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd. Calcutta.
- Verma, PS. and Agarwal, VK. (2012). Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution and Ecology. S. Chand and Co. Ltd. New Delhi.

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Paper II

Microbiology, Mycology and Plant Pathology

(2 hrs /week)

Unit-1

Microbiology: Meaning and Scope, history and development in the field of microbiology. Concept of quorum sensing and biofilm

Eubacteria: general account, occurrence, morphology (structure, shapes), flagella, capsule, nutritional types, endospore, reproduction (binary fission, transformation, conjugation, transduction), economic and biological importance.

Mycoplasma: occurrence, morphology, reproduction and importance.

Unit-2

Virus: General characteristics and importance. Structure of TMV and Pox virus, Structure and multiplication of Bacteriophage.'

Fungi: General characters, occurrence, thallus organization, reproduction, economic importance. Classification of fungi (Alexopoulos and Ainsworth's).

Plant diseases: Biotic and abiotic diseases, important symptoms caused by fungi, bacteria, viruses and MLOs (blights, mildews- downy and powdery, rusts, smuts, canker, mosaic, little leaf, galls etc.).

Unit-3

Brief account, structure, importance and life history and/or disease cycle and control of the following:

Albugo and white rust; Sclerospora and Downy mildew/Green ear disease of Bajra; Aspergillus; Claviceps and Ergot; Peziza.

Unit-4

Brief account, structure, importance and life history and/or disease cycle and control of the following:

Puccinia and Black rust of wheat; Ustilago and loose smut of wheat and covered smut of barley; Agaricus; Alternaria and early blight of potato.

Suggested Laboratory Exercises:

- 1. Study of bacteria using curd or any other suitable material, Gram's staining of bacteria.
- 2. Study of Mycoplasma, TMV, Poxvirus, bacteriophage (photographs/ 3-D models)
- 3. Study of symptoms of plant diseases—Downy mildew of Bajra, Green ear of bajra, Powdery mildew, mosaic of bhindi.

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36

- 4. Study of specimen, permanent slides and by making suitable temporary slides: Albugowhite rust; Sclerospora- downy mildew, green ear; Aspergillus; Claviceps- ergot; Ustilago- loose smut of wheat, covered smut of barley, Puccinia- Black rust of wheat; Agaricus; Peziza and Alternaria- early blight of potato.
- 5. Media preparation: potato dextrose agar, Nutrient agar
- 6. Culture techniques of fungi and bacteria.
- 7. Visit Local Garden /fieldstudy of plants in farmers field/agricultural stations

Suggested Books:

Alexopoulos, C.J. and Mims, C.W.: Introductory Mycology, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 2000

Dube, H.C.: Fungi, Rastogi Publication, Meerut, 1989.

Sarabhai, R.C. and Saxena, R.C.: A text book of Botany, Rastogi Publication, Meerut, 1990.

Sharma, O.P.: Fungi, Today and Tomorrow Printers and Publishers, New Delhi, 2000.

Vashihsta, B.R. Botany for Degree Students -Fungi, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2001.

Bilgrami, K.S. and Dube, H.C.: A text book of Modern Plant Pathology, Vikas Publications, New Delhi 2000.

Biswas, S.B. and Biswas, A.: An Introduction to Viruses, Vikas Publications, New Delhi.

Clifton, A.: Introduction of Bacteria, McGraw Hill Co. Ltd., New York, 1985.

Madahar, C.L.: Introduction of Plants Virus, S. Chand and Co., New Delhi, 1978.

Palzar M.J Jr. Chan, E.C.S. and Krieg, N.R.: Microbiology, McGraw Hill Edu.. Pvt. ltd., London 2001.

Purohit, S.S.: Microbiology, Agro. Bot. Publication, Jodhpur 2002.

Sharma, P. D.: Microbiology and Pathology, Rastogi Publication. Meerut, 2003.

Singh, V. and Srivastava V.: Introduction of Bacteria, Vikas Publication, 1998.

Cappuccino, J. and Sherman, N.: Microbiology: A Laboratory Manual (10thEd.), Benjamin Cummings, 2013.

Aneja, K.R.: Experiments in Microbiology, Plant Pathology and Biotechnology New Age International (P) Ltd., Publishers, New Delhi 2003.

Mehrotra, R.S. and Aggarwal, Ashok: Plant pathology, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2003.

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37

Paper III Algae, Lichens and Bryophyta (2 hrs/week)

Unit-1

General characters, Classifications (Smith). Diverse Habitat. Range of thallus structure, photosynthetic pigments and Food reserves. Reproduction (Vegetative, Asexual, Sexual). Types of the life cycle: Economic importance.

Unit-2

Type Studies

Cyanophyceae - Oscillatoria, Nostoc
Chlorophyceae-Volvox, Chara.

Xanthophyceae-Vaucheria.

Phaeophyceae-Ectocarpus.

Rhodophyceae-Polysiphonia.

Unit-3

General characters, Origin, and evolution of Bryophtya. Classification (Eichler); Habitat, Range of thallus structure, Reproduction (Vegetative and Sexual); Alternation of generations; Economic importance.

Type Studies: Hepaticopsida - Riccia, Marchantia

Unit-4

Type Studies: Anthocerotopsida-Anthoceros; Bryopsida-Funaria

Lichens- General characters, habitat, Structure, reproduction and economic and Ecological importance of lichens.

Suggested Laboratory Exercises

- 1. Study of classwork material by making suitable temporary slides and study of permanent slides of; Oscillatoria, Nostoc, Volvox, Chara, Vaucheria, Ectocarpus, Polysiphonia.
- 2. Study of external morphology and preparation of suitable sections of vegetative/reproductive parts of *Riccia, Marchantia, Anthoceros, Funaria*.
- 3. Study of lichens.

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Suggested Readings

- Bold, H.C. Alexopoulous, C.J. and Delevoryas, T.: Morphology of Plant and Fungi (4th Ed.) Harper & Foul Co., New Work, 1980.
- Ghemawat, M.S., Kapoor, J.N. and Narayan, H.S.: A text book of Algae, Ramesh Book Depot, Jaipur, 1976.
- Gilbart, M.Smith: Crypogamic Botany, Vol. I & II (2nd Ed.) Tata McGraw Hill. Publishing Co., Ltd., New Delhi, 1985.
- Kumar, H.D.: Introductory Phycology, Affiliated East—West Press, Ltd. New York, 1988.
- Puri. P.: Bryophytes, Atmaram & Sons. Delhi, Lucknow, 1985.
- Sarabhai. R.C. and Saxena, R.C.: A text book of Botany. Vol I & II, Ratan Prakashan Mandir, Meerut, 1980.
- Singh, V., Pande, P.C. and Jain, D.K.: A text book of Botany, Rastogi, & Co., Meerut, 2001.
- Vashista, B.R.: Botany for Degree Students (Algae, Bryophytes) S. Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2002.

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BOTANY PRACTICAL EXAMINATION B.Sc PART-I

SKELETON PAPER

M.M. 50

TIME: 4 Hours

S.No.	Practical	Regular	ExNC
1(a)	Prepare the acetocarmine stained slide of the material "A" provided to you. Draw a well labelled diagram of anyone stage of nuclear division. Identify it giving reasons.	5	5
1(b)	Comment and solve the problem on Geneticsallotted to you along with reasons.	5	5
2	Make suitably stained glycerine-preparation of any one alga from the given mixture "B". Draw itslabelled diagrams; assign it to its systematic position giving reasons.	5	5
3	Make suitable preparation of the reproductive structure of material "C" (Fungi). Drawlabelled diagrams, Identify giving reasons	5	5
4	Make suitable stained preparation of material "D" (Bryophyta(vegetative/ reproductive). Draw labelled diagrams.Identifygivingreasons.	5	5
5	One Microbiology experiment for comments. Or Gram's staining.	5	5
6	Comment upon spots (1-5)	10	15
7	Viva-Voce	5	5
8	Practical record	5	-
	TOTAL	50	50

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6. MATHEMATICS

B.Sc. Part-I Examination-

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week per Theory Paper.

2 Hours per Week per Batch for Practical
(20 candidates in each batch)

Examination	Scheme:	Min.Pass Marks	Max. Marks
Science -		54	150
Arts –		72	200
		Duration	Max.Marks
Paper – I	Discrete Mathematics	3 hrs.	40 (Science) 53 (Arts)
Paper – II	Calculus	3 hrs.	40 (Science) 53 (Arts)
Paper – III	Analytic Geometry and		
	Optimization Theory	3 hrs.	40 (Science) 54 (Arts)
Practical	Optimization Technique	s 2 hrs.	30 (Science) - 40 (Arts)

Note:

- 1. Common paper will be set for both the Faculties of Social Science and Science. However, the marks obtained by the candidate in the case of Faculty of Social Science will be converted according to the ratio of the maximum marks of the papers in the two Faculties.
- 2. Each candidate is required to appear in the Practical examination to be conducted by internal and external examiners. External examiner will be appointed by the University and internal examiner will be appointed by the Principal in consultation with Local Head/Head, Department of Mathematics in the college.
- 3. An Internal/external examiner can conduct Practical Examination of not more than 100 (Hundred) Candidates.
- 4. Each candidate has to pass in Theory and Practical examinations separately.

Paper – I: Discrete Mathematics

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week Max. Marks: 40 (Science)

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours 53 (Arts)

Note: This paper is divided into FIVE Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit. Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Sets, Cardinality, Principal of inclusion and exclusion, Mathematical induction, Relations and Functions, Binary relations, Equivalence relations and partitions, Partial order relations and Lattices, Chains and Anti-chains. Pigeon hole principle.

Unit 2: Boolean Algebra- Lattices and Algebraic structure, Duality, Distributive and Complemented Lattices, Boolean Lattices, Boolean functions and Boolean expression. Fundamental theorem of arithmetic, Divisibility in Z, Congruence's, Chinese reminder theorem, Euler's functions, Primitive roots.

Unit 3: Logic and propositional calculus, Simple and compound propositions, Basic logical operations, Truth tables, Tautologies and contradictions, Propositional functions, Quantifiers. Discrete numeric functions, Generating functions, Recurrence relations and Recurrence algorithms, Linear recurrence relation with constant coefficients and their solutions, Total solutions, Solution by the method of generating functions.

Unit 4: Basic concepts of graph theory, Types of graph (Connected Graphs, Regular graphs, Planar graphs), walk, Paths & Circuits, Shortest path problem. Operations on graphs (union, join, products)

Unit 5: Matrix representation of graphs, Adjacency matrices, Incidences matrices, Tree, Spanning tree, Minimumm spanning tree, Distance between vertices, Center of tree, Binary tree, Rooted tree. Hamiltonian and Eulerian graphs

Reference Books:

- 1. K.H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and it's Applications, McGraw Hill, 1999.
- 2. N.L. Biggs, Discrete Mathematics, Oxford Science Publication, 1985.
- 3. C.L. Liu and D.P. Mohapatra, Elements of Discrete Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 4. T. Koshy, Discrete Mathematics with Applications, Academic Press, 2005.
- 5. N. Deo, Graph Theory, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.

Paper- II: Calculus

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week

Max. Marks: 40 (Science)

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

53 (Arts)

Note: This paper is divided into FIVE Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit. Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Series – Infinite series and Convergent series. Tests for convergence of a series – Comparison test, D'Alembert's ratio test, Cauchy's n-th root test, Raabe's test, De-Morgan-Bertrand's test, Cauchy's condensation test, Gauss's test, (Derivation of tests is not required). Alternating series. Absolute convergence. Taylor's theorem. Maclaurin's theorem. Power series expansion of a function. Power series expansion of sinx, $\cos x$, e^x , $\log_e(1+x)$, $(1+x)^n$.

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Unit 2: Derivative of the length of an arc. Pedal equations. Curvature – Various formulae, Centre of curvature and Chord of curvature. Partial differentiation. Euler's theorem for homogeneous functions. Chain rule of partial differentiation. Total differentiation, Differentiation of implicit functions.

Unit 3: Envelopes and evolutes, Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables. Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers. Asymptotes. Multiple points. Curve tracing of standard curves (Cartesian and Polar curves).

Unit 4: Beta and Gamma functions, Reduction formulae (simple standard formulae), Double integrals in Cartesian and Polar Coordinates, Change of order of integration. Triple integrals. Dirichlet's integral.

Unit 5: Areas, Rectification, Volumes and Surfaces of solids of revolution.

Reference Books:

- 1. M. J. Strauss, G. L. Bradley and K. J. Smith, Calculus (3rd Edition), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education), Delhi, 2007.
- 2. H. Anton, I. Bivens and S. Davis, Calculus (7th Edition), John Wiley and sons (Asia), Pt Ltd., Singapore, 2002.
- 3. G.B. Thomas, R. L. Finney, M. D. Weir, Calculus and Analytic Geometry, Pearson Education Ltd, 2003.

Paper-III: Analytic Geometry and Optimization Theory

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week Max. Marks: 40 (Science)

Duration of Examination: 3 Hours 54 (Arts)

Note: This paper is divided into FIVE Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit. Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Polar equation of conics, Polar equation of tangent, normal and asymptotes, chord of contact, auxiliary circle, director circle of conics

Unit 2: Sphere, Cone.

Unit 3: Cylinder, Central Conicoids – Ellipsoid, Hyperboloid of one and two sheets, tangent lines and tangent planes, Direct sphere, Normals.

Unit 4: Generating lines of hyperboloid of one sheet and its properties. Reduction of a general equation of second degree in three-dimensions to standard forms.

Unit 5: The linear programming problem. Basic solution. Some basic properties and theorems on convex sets. Fundamental theorem of L.P.P. Theory of simplex method only Duality. Fundamental theorem of duality, properties and elementary theorems on duality only.

Duration: 2 Hours

Reference Books:

- 1. Hamdy A. Taha, Operations Research, An Introduction (9th edition), Prentice-Hall, 2010.
- 2. G. Hadley, Linear Programming, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. R.J.T. Bell, Elementary Treatise on Co-ordinate geometry of three dimensions, Macmillan India Ltd., 1994.

Practical

Teaching: 2 hours per week per batch not more than 20 students

Examination.					
Scheme	Science	Arts			
Max.Marks	30	40			
Min.Pass Marks	11	15			

Distribution of Marks:

Two Practicals one from each group

10 Marks each	=	20 Marks	(13 Marks each)	26
Practical Record	=	05 Marks		. 07
Viva-voce	=	05 Marks		07
Total Marks		30 Marks		40

The paper will contain TWO practicals. The candidates are required to attempt both practicals.

Group A: Modelling of industrial and engineering problems into Assignment Problems and Transportation Problems and their solutions.

Group B: List of problems (with free and open source software tool Scilab)

- (i) Plotting the graphs of the following functions: ax, $\sqrt{ax+b}$, |ax+b|, $c\pm |ax+b|$, $x^{\pm n}$, $x^{1/n}$ ($n \in z$), e^{ax+b} , $\log(ax+b)$, $\sin(ax+b)$, $\cos(ax+b)$, $|\sin(ax+b)|$, $|\cos(ax+b)|$. Observe and discuss the effects of change in the real constant a, b and c on the graphs.
- (ii) Graphs of hyperbolic functions and inverse trigonometric functions.
- (iii) Plotting and analyzing the graphs of polynomials and their derivatives.
- (iv) Complex numbers: Operations like addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, Modulus and inbuilt functions conj, imag, imult, isreal, real.
- (v) Matrix operations: Addition, Multiplication, Inverse, Transpose, Determinant, Rank and inbuilt functions eye, ones, zeros. Solving the system of linear equations.
- (vi) Solution of linear programming problems by using inbuilt functions of Scilab.

Note:

- 1. For Group A: Problems will be solved by using Scientific Calculators (non-Programmable)
- 2. Each Candidate (Regular/non-Collegiate) has to prepare his/her practical record.
- 3. Each Candidate has to pass in Practical and Theory examination separately.

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